PRODUCTION E340 COMMUNICATION LOGICAL MEMORY MAP

Revised July 3, 1995 Revised July 15,1997 Revised May 23,2000 Revised March 1,2001 Revised October 1,2005

ALLEN-BRADLEY PROTOCOL

		PLC WORD	DATA	
~~~~~	~	ADDRESS	ADDRESS	LENGTH
COMMAND	<u>CMD</u>	LOW HIGH	<u>(octal)</u>	(BYTES)
UNPROTECTED BLOCK READ:	01H	(see pages 5,	9 - 18)	format p. 7
Time p.12, appendix A	p.12	00H,03H	600	6
Day of week	p.12	02H,03H	601	2
Device type and revision #	p.13	04H,03H	602	4
Sensor and digital inputs	p.14	06H,03H	603	16
Analog and relay outputs	p.15	08H,03H	604	12
Input used/unused status	p.16	0AH,03H	605	12
Modulator Feedback	_	OCH, 03H	606	10
Exception Parameters	p.21	0EH,03H	607	26
Gas Pressure SetPoints	p.17	10H,03H	610	10
Oil Pressure SetPoints	p.17	12H,03H	611	10
Steam Pressure SetPoints	p.18	14H,03H	612	14
Water Temperature SetPoints	p.18	16H,03H	613	14
Oil Temperature SetPoints	p.17	18H,03H	614	10
Used Control SetPoints	p.19	1AH,03H	615	10
Thermal Shock SetPoints	p.20	1CH,03H	616	12
Used Variable	p.19	1EH,03H	617	22
Burner Statistics	p.22	20H,03H	620	6
Date	p.12	22H,03H	621	4
Mod Max Position Setting	p.20	24H,03H	622	2
SetBack Schedule	p.23	26H,03H	623	22
Daily Burner Minutes	p.22	28H,03H	624	48
Lag SetPoint Table	p.22	2AH,03H	625	14
Password	p.13	2CH,03H	626	2
Send Programmed on Schedule	p.24	2EH,03H	627	12
Send Gas Pressure Avg.	p.	30H,03H	630	16
Send Oil Pressure Avg.	p.	32H,03H	631	16
Send Stm Pressure Avg.	p.	34H,03H	632	16
Send Pri Temp. Avg.	p.	36H,03H	633	16
Send Aux Temp. Avg.	p.	38H,03H	634	16
Send Sensor Values	p.	3AH,03H	635	12
with Command Rate				
Send Last 10 Lockouts	p.	3CH,03H	636	22
Send Flag Registers	p.	3EH,03H	637	16
Send Sensor Values	p.	40H,03H	640	14
with Short Counters				

# ALLEN-BRADLEY PROTOCOL (continued)

COMMAND	CMD	PLC WORD ADDRESS LOW HIGH	DATA ADDRESS (octal)	LENGTH (BYTES)
UNPROTECTED BLOCK WRITE:	08H	(see pages 5,	19 - 34)	TOTILIAL p. 7
	p.25	00H,03H	600	1
Set day of week	p.25	02H,03H	601	1
Lag steam set point p.42		06H,03H	603	2
Lag water set point		08H,03H	604	2
Lag cut in, out, mbw		0AH,03H	605	3
Lag start delay		OCH,03H	606	1
Lead - lag delay		0EH,03H	607	1
Thermal shock start point p	.43	10H,03H	610	2
Thermal shock exit point		12H,03H	611	2
Thermal timed override		14H,03H	612	1
reserved for future use		16H,03H	613	0
reserved for future use		18H,03H	614	0
Set Conversion Units	0.6	1AH,03H	615	2
Set Gas Pressure unused/used			616	1
Set Oil Pressure unused/used		1EH,03H	617	1
Set Steam Press unused/used		20H,03H	620	1
Set Water Temp unused/used			621	1 1
Set Oil Temp unused/used		24H,03H	622	
Set Modulator Feedback used	ام ما	26H,03H	623	1 1
Set Thermal Shock unused/met			624 625	1
Set Aux AO2 used status Set Marginal Alarm used	p.28		625 626	1
Set LEAD/LAG unused/used		2CH,03H 2EH,03H	627	1
Set Setback unused/used		30H,03H	630	1
Set Program On used status	p.29		631	1
Set Lead Steam SetPoint	p.29	34H,03H	632	2
Set Lead Water SetPoint		36H,03H	633	2
Set Gas Pressure Limits		38H,03H	634	8
Set Oil Pressure Limits	p.30		635	8
Set Steam Pressure Limits	p.50	3CH, 03H	636	6
Set Water Temp Limits		3EH, 03H	637	6
Set Oil temp Limits		40H,03H	640	6
Set Lead Steam Cut in	p.31	42H,03H	641	4
Set Lead Water Cut in	P.31	44H,03H	642	4
Set Date	p.25	46H,03H	643	1
Set Modulator Maximum	p.31	48H,03H	644	1
Set Lag Steam Setpoint	p.32	4AH,03H	645	1
Set Lag Water Setpoint	F	4CH,03H	646	_ 1
Set Setback Steam Setpoint		4EH,03H	647	1
Set Setback Water Setpoint		50H,03H	650	1
Set Lag Cut in	p.33	52H,03H	651	2
Set Setback Cut in	-	54H,03H	652	2
Set Lag to Start Delay		56H,03H	653	1
Set Lead to Lag Delay		58H,03H	654	1

# ALLEN-BRADLEY PROTOCOL (continued)

COMMAND	CMD	PLC WORD ADDRESS LOW HIGH	DATA ADDRESS (octal)	-
UNPROTECTED BLOCK WRITE:	08H	(see pages 5,	19- 34)	format p. 7
Set Setback Override Hrs Set Sunday Setback Set Monday Setback Set Tuesday Setback Set Wednesday Setback	p.34	5AH,03H 5CH,03H 5EH,03H 60H,03H 62H,03H	655 656 657 660 661	1 1 1 1
Set Thursday Setback Set Friday Setback Set Saturday Setback Set End Setback Time	p.35	64H,03H 66H,03H 68H,03H 6AH,03H	662 663 664 665	1 1 1
Set Begin Setback Time Set Password	p.35	6CH,03H 6EH,03H	666 667	2 1
Set Sunday Program on Set Monday Program on Set Tuesday Program on Set Wednesday Program on	p.36	70H,03H 72H,03H 74H,03H 76H,03H	670 671 672 673	2 1 1
Set Thursday Program on Set Friday Program on Set Saturday Program on	p.37	78H,03H 7AH,03H 7CH,03H	674 675 676	1 1 1
Set Begin Program on Time Set End Program on Time Cancel Password		7EH,03H 80H,03H 82H,03H	677 700 701	2 2 1

DIAGNOSTIC:	_	06H	(see pa	age 6,	35 - 36)	format p.6
Diagnostic	loop	p.39		00H		
Diagnostic	read	p.40		01H		13
Diagnostic	status p.3	9		03H		18
Diagnostic	counter re	set p.39		07H		0

# MODBUS PROTOCOL MEMORY MAP

COMMAND	FNC	WORD ADDRESS (MODBUS)	DATA ADDRESS HIGH,LOW	LENGTH (WORDS)
WORD READ:	03H	(see pages	7 - 16)	
Time p.9, p. 36 Day of week Device type and revision # Sensor and digital inputs Analog and relay outputs Input used/unused status Modulator Feedback Exception Parameters Gas Pressure SetPoints Oil Pressure SetPoints Steam Pressure SetPoints Water Temperature SetPoints Used Control SetPoints Thermal Shock SetPoints Used Variable Burner Statistics Date Mod Max Position Setting SetBack Schedule Daily Burner Minutes Lag SetPoint Table	p.18 p.18 p.19 p.20	40001 40003 40005 40007 40009 40011 40013 40015 40017 40019 40021 40023 40025 40027 40029 40031 40033 40035 40037 40039 40041 40043	00,00 00,02H 00,04H 00,06H 00,08H 00,0CH 00,0EH 00,10H 00,12H 00,16H 00,16H 00,16H 00,16H 00,16H 00,20H 00,22H 00,24H 00,26H 00,28H 00,28H	3 1 2 8 6 6 5 N/A 5 7 7 5 5 6 11 3 2 1 11 24 7
Password ************************************		40045	00,2CH	1
Send Gas Pressure Avg. Send Oil Pressure Avg. Send Stm Pressure Avg. Send Pri Temp. Avg. Send Aux Temp. Avg. Send Sensor Values with Command Rate Send Last 10 Lockouts Send Flag Registers Send Sensor Values with Short Counters	p. p. p. p. p. p.	40049 40051 40053 40055 40057 40059 40061 40063 40065	00,30H 00,32H 00,34H 00,36H 00,38H 00,3AH	8 8 8 8 8 11 11 7
Diagnostic Read		40067	00,42H	

COMMAND	FNC	WORD ADDRESS (MODBUS)		LENGTH (BYTES)
WORD WRITE:	06H	(see pages		
Set the time p.21 Set day of week		40001 40003	00,00H 00,02H	2 1
reserved for future use		40017	00,10H	0
Set Gas Pressure unused/u Set Oil Pressure unused/u Set Steam Press unused/u Set Water Temp unused/u Set Oil Temp unused/u Set Modulator Feedback us Set Thermal Shck unused/u Set Aux AO2 used status Set Marginal Alarm unused Set LEAD/LAG unused/used Set Setback unused/used Set Program On used statu	used used used used sed used d/used	40029 40031 40033 40035 40037 40039 40041 40043 40045 40047 40049 40051	00,1CH 00,1EH 00,20H 00,22H 00,24H 00,26H 00,28H 00,2AH 00,2CH 00,2EH 00,30H 00,32H	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Set Lead Steam SetPoint p	27	40053 40055	00,34H 00,36H	2 2
Set Modulator Maximum	****	40073	00,48H	1
Set Lag Steam Setpoint Set Lag Water Setpoint Set Setback Steam Setpoir Set Setback Water Setpoir Set Lag to Start Delay Set Lead to Lag Delay ************************************	ıt	40075 40077 40079 40081 40087 40089	00,4AH 00,4CH 00,4EH 00,50H 00,56H 00,58H	2 2 2 2 1 1
Set Setback Override Hrs ************************************	p.34	40091	00,5AH	1
Set Sunday Setback Set Monday Setback Set Tuesday Setback Set Wednesday Setback Set Thursday Setback Set Friday Setback Set Saturday Setback Set End Setback Time Set Begin Setback Time		40093 40095 40097 40099 40101 40103 40105 40107 40109	00,5CH 00,5EH 600,0H 00,62H 00,64H 00,66H 00,68H 00,6AH 00,6CH	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2

		WORD	DATA	T DNOMI
COMMAND	FNC	ADDRESS MODBUS	ADDRESS HIGH,LOW	LENGTH (BYTES)
COMMAND	TIVE	МОДДОВ	III GII, HOW	(DIIES)
WORD WRITE: (continued)	06H	(see pages 7	7, 17 - 30)	
******	****			
Set Password		40111	00,6EH	2
******	*****			_
Set Sunday Program on		40113	00,70H	1
Set Monday Program on		40115	00,72H	1
Set Tuesday Program on		40117	00,74H	1
Set Wednesday Program on		40119	00,76H	1
Set Thursday Program on		40121	00,78H 00,7AH	1 1
Set Friday Program on Set Saturday Program on		40123 40125	00,7AH 00,7CH	1
Set Begin Program on Time	Δ	40127	00,7CH 00,7EH	2
Set End Program on Time	C	40129	00,7EH	2
****************	****	40127	00,0011	2
Set Exception Parms		40131	00,82H	2
Disable Password Timer		40133	00,84H	2
*******	****		•	
Set Lag Cut In		40135	00,86H	2
Set Lag Cut Out		40137	00,88H	2
Set Lag Modulating Bandw		40139	00,8AH	2
******	*****			_
Set Steam Cut In		40141	00,8CH	2
Set Steam Cut Out		40143	00,8EH	2
Set Steam Modulating Band		40145	00,90H	2
Set Steam Low Marginal L		40147	00,92H	2
Set Steam High Marginal		40149 40151	00,94H 00,96H	2 2
Set Steam High Alarm Lim.		40131	00,96n	2
Set Primary Cut In		40153	00,98H	2
Set Primary Cut Out		40155	00,9AH	2
Set Primary Modulating Ba	andwidth		00,9CH	2
Set Primary Low Marginal		40159	00,9EH	2
Set Primary High Margina	l Limit	40161	00,A0H	2
Set Primary High Alarm L	imit	40163	00,A2H	2
******	****			
Set Gas Low Alarm Limit		40165	00,A4H	2
Set Gas Low Marginal Lim		40167	00,A6H	2
Set Gas High Marginal Li	mit	40169	00,A8H	2
Set Gas High Alarm Limit		40171	00,AAH	2
	*****	40153	0.0 7.011	0
Set Oil Low Alarm Limit		40173	00,ACH	2
Set Oil Low Marginal Lim		40175	00,AEH	2
Set Oil High Marginal Lin	IIIIT	40177	00,B0H	2
Set Oil High Alarm Limit		40179	00,B2H	2

	WORD ADDRESS	DATA ADDRESS	LENGTH
<u>COMMAND</u> <u>FNC</u>	(MODBUS)	HIGH, LOW	(BYTES)
WORD WRITE: 06H	(see pages	7, 17 - 30	)
*******	k		
Set Aux Low Alarm Limit	40181	00,B4H	2
Set Aux Low Marginal Limit	40183	00,B6H	2
Set Aux High Marginal Limit	40185	00,B8H	2
Set Aux High Alarm Limit ***********************************	40187	00,BAH	2
Set SetBack Cut In	40189	00,BCH	2
Set SetBack Cut Out	40191	00,BEH	2
Set SetBack Modulating Range	40193	00,C0H	2
Diagnostic counter reset	40195	00,C2H	2

COMMAND		FNC	PLC WORD ADDRESS LOW HIGH	DATA ADDRESS	LENGTH (BYTES)
BLOCK WRITE:		10H	(see pages	8, 31)	
Set counter Set timer Set PIDs Set Data Access Ta Write Any Words Load program	p.27 p.28 p.28 - able p.33	29	34H,03H 36H,03H 38H,03H 52H,03H 54H,03H 70H,01H	632 633 634 651 652	

# ALLEN BRADLEY MESSAGE STRUCTURE DESCRIPTION

### UNPROTECTED BLOCK READ:

### command format:

DLE	SOH	STN	DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	ADR	ADR	DAT	DLE	ETX
10H	01H		10H	02H			01	00			Lo	Hi		10H	03H

DAT = number of bytes to be read.

# reply format:

DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DATA DATA	DLE	ETX	CRC	Crc
10H	02H			41H	X 0			Lo/hi	10H	03H	Lo	Hi

STS = error status 00 ---> no error

10 ---> bad command (CMD) or function (FNC)

20 ---> bad address 30 ---> invalid data

40 ---> bad size

# UNPROTECTED BLOCK WRITE:

### command format:

DLE	SOH	STN	DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	ADR	ADR	DAT	DLE	EΤΣ
10H	01H		10H	02H			08	00			Lo	Hi	Lo/hi	10H	03F

data is checked for validity

# reply format:

DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	02H			48H	X 0			10H	03H	Lo	Hi

STS = error status 00 ---> no error

10 ---> bad command (CMD) or function (FNC)

20 ---> bad address

30 ---> invalid data

40 ---> bad size

# REPORT BY EXCEPTION FROM RTU

### command format:

DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DATA	DLE	ETX	CRC	Crc
10H	02H			28H	00				10H	03H	Lo	Hi

data = number of bytes to be read.

# REPLY BY MASTER TO RTU'S REPORT BY EXCEPTION

DLE	SOH	STN	DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	01H		10H	02H			68H	00			10H	03H	Lo	Hi

# DIAGNOSTIC LOOP:

### command format:

DLE	SOH	STN	DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	FNC	DATA.	DLE	ETX	CRC
10H	01H		10H	02H			06	00			00		10H	03H	Lo

# reply format:

DIE	СПХ	Dam	CD C	CMD	сшс	TIME	mn c		חודים	השת	an a	CDC
DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	SAME DATA	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	02H			46H	X 0			Lo/hi	10H	03H	Lo	Hi

x = error status 0 ---> no error

1 ---> bad command (CMD) or function (FNC)

2 ---> bad address

3 ---> invalid data

### DIAGNOSTIC READ:

### command format:

																l
DLE	SOH	ST	DLE	STX	DST	SR	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	FNC	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC	l
10H	01H	N	10H	02H		С	06	00			01	10H	03H	Lo	Hi	l

reply format: data is checked for validity

DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DATA	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	02H			46H	X 0			Lo/hi	10H	03H	Lo	Hi

x = error status 0 ---> no error

1 ---> bad command (CMD) or function (FNC)

2 ---> bad address

3 ---> invalid data

# DIAGNOSTIC COUNTERS RESET:

# command format:

DLE	SOH	STN	DLE	STX	DST	SR	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	FNC	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	01H	~	10H	02H	201	C	06	00		11.0	07	10H	03H	Lo	Hi

reply format:

DLE	STX	DST	SRC	CMD	STS	TNS	TNS	DLE	ETX	CRC	CRC
10H	02H			46H	X 0			10H	03H	Lo	Ηi

x = error status 0 ---> no error

1 ---> bad command (CMD) or function (FNC)

2 ---> bad address

# MODBUS PROTOCOL MESSAGE STRUCTURE

# WORD READ:

command format: (as sent to the RTU)

DST	FNC	ADR	ADR	DAT	DAT	CRC	CRC
	3	Hi	Lo-1	hi	Lo	Lo	Hi

DAT = number of words to be read

normal response format: (as sent from the RTU)

DST FNC DBC DATA .... CRC CRC
Hi/lo Lo Hi

DBC = data byte count

# WORD WRITE:

command format: (as sent to the RTU)

DST	FNC	ADR	ADR	DAT	DAT	CRC	CRC
	6	Hi	Lo-1	hi	Lo	Lo	Hi

normal response: (echo of the command coming from the RTU)

DST	FNC	ADR	ADR	DAT	TAT	CRC	CRC
				Hi	Lo	Lo	Hi

# BLOCK WRITE:

Command format: (as transmitted to the RTU)

DST	FNC	ADR	ADR	REGISTERS	DATA	DATA	DATA	~	~	CRC	CRC
	10H	Hi	Lo-1	Hi/lo	BYTES	hi	Lo	~	~	Lo	Hi

ADR lo from Memory Map - 1 is transmitted

# registers or quantity of words = integer ((number of bytes of data)/2)

# hi registers = 0, # low registers = 1 - 60

note: The RTU calculates the CRC on the basis of the byte count, not the word count.

normal response format: (as sent from the RTU)

DST	FNC	ADR	ADR	REGISTERS	CRC	CRC
	10H	Hi	Lo-1	Hi/lo	Lo	Hi

# EXCEPTION RESPONSE:

### command format:

DST	FNC	EXCEPT	CRC	CRC
		CODE	Lo	Hi

Exception code = 1 Function code is illegal

2 Address field is invalid

3 Data field is invalid

FNC = return the function code with bit 7 set to indicate an exception message. (e.g. 83H, 86H, or 90H)

# CA PROTOCOL MESSAGE STRUCTURE

# Command structure for reads & writes

OFH	ADR	FNC	DAT1	DAT2	DAT3	CRC	CRC
						HI	LO

No Error Response structure for reads

FOH	ADR	FNC	DAT1	DAT1	~	DATn	DATn	00H	CRC	CRC
			ms	1s	~	ms	1s		HI	LO

Error Response structure: NO RESPONSE

No Error Response structure for writes

FOH	ADR	FNC	DAT1	DAT2	DAT3		
						HΙ	LO

### FORMAT OF VALUES

#### Pressure Sensors:

Each pressure sensor, regardless of range, outputs a value from 1 to 5 volts. This signal is then inputted to a 12 bit A/D converter so the span of each sensor is 0 to 4095 bits. This span is available from every read operation of a pressure sensor. If a pressure sensor is less than 1 volt then the A/D converter treats this as value of 0. Conversely if a pressure sensor is greater than 5 volts then the A/D converter treats this as a value of 4095.

The E340 firmware scales the sensor reading according the range selected. That is if the gas pressure sensor selected is 0-16 in wc then the E340 treats this as 256 bits per in wc. All other sensors are scaled according to the following table:

#### Gas Pressure

Sensor	Scale	Offset
0 - 16 in wc	256 bits/in wc	0
0 - 32 in wc	128 bits/in wc	0
0 - 160 in wc	25.6 bits/in wc	0
1 - 17 psi	256 bits/psi	1

### Oil/Steam Pressure

Sensor	Scale	Offset
1 - 17 psi	256 bits/psi	1
1- 33 psi	128 bits/psi	1
10 - 170 psi	25.6 bits/psi	10
10 - 330 psi	12.8 bits/psi	10
50 - 850 psi		50

The pressure sensors are quite linear over their respective ranges.

The minimum allowable value that can be set for any pressure alarm point or set point is 256. Any value less than this will return an error.

The maximum allowable value that be set for any pressure alarm point or set point is 3840. Any value greater than this will return an error.

These values were selected to protect the E340 from shorted or open sensors.

The range of values for steam pressure or primary temperature cut out or modulating bandwidth is 3 to 60. However, for steam pressure sensors in the range of 1-17 psi of 1-33 psi this is interpreted as .3 to 6 psi. For pressure sensor values in the range of 10-170 psi, 10-330 psi, or 50-850 psi this is interpreted as 3 to 60 psi. This means the value written to the E340 is in the range of 3 to 60. It is the E340 that translates the value into the appropriate bit value.

The allowable range of cut in value for steam pressure and primary temperature is 0 to 60. The value is interpreted the same as above in respect to sensor range.

For primary temperature sensor the value is 3 to 60 F if the value is conversion is English and 3 to 60 C if the conversion value is Centigrade.

If values are written that are out of order, that is the high water marginal is less than the low water marginal, then the result will be an alarm lockout by the E340. This means that the value will be accepted by the E340 but subsequent routines will force the alarm.

### Temperature Sensors

The primary and auxiliary temperature sensors at this time have an acceptable operating range of 32F to 750F or 0C to 400C. This translates to respective bit values of 1024 to 3072. However the maximum allowable high temperature limit is 3040.

#### Thermal Shock

The thermal shock values are interpreted as steam pressure if Steam Pressure is the control variable and Primary Temperature is not selected as Standby Water. Otherwise the thermal shock values are interpreted as temperature values.

### Lag Setpoints

The lag setpoints are always the same as the control variable regardless if Standby Water is selected.

### READ THE TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 600 Logical address = 00H,03H

returns 3 data words: word1, word2, word3

SHOWN FOR DF1 PROTOCOL

FORMAT IS HIGH BYTE / LOW BYTE FOR MODBUS

high byte: mm = minutes

hh and mm are BCD numbers

word 2: low byte: HH = hours military time 0 to 24

high byte: 0

word 3: low byte: MM = minutes

high byte: 0

HH and MM are hexadecimal numbers

examples for A-B protocol (low byte sent first

09H,00H,09H,0,0,0 --> 9:00 am 01H,25H,01H,0,19H,0 --> 1:25 am 41H,25H,0DH,0,19H,0 --> 1:25 pm 51H,30H,17H,0,1EH,0 --> 11:30 pm

# READ THE DAY OF THE WEEK:

PLC word address (octal) = 601 Logical address = 02H,03H

returns 1 data word: word1

word 1: low byte: dd is a number between 0 and 6

 $0 = SUNDAY \dots 6 = SATURDAY$ 

high byte: 0

### READ THE DATE:

PLC word address (octal) = 621 Logical address = 22H,03H

returns 4 bytes: read real time date from E340 clock

- d1 day of the month (1 31 BCD)
- d2 month of the year (1 12 BCD)
- d3 year of the century (0 99 BCD)
- d4 padding byte (0FFH)

### READ THE DEVICE TYPE AND REVISION NUMBER:

PLC word address (octal) = 602 Logical address = 04H,03H

returns 2 data words: word1, word2

word 1: low byte: device type

0 = HV100A (HVAC control)

1 = RTU5/1000

2 = E340

3 = RTU5/2000

4 =

5 = EPP

high byte: 0

word 2: low byte: minor revision number in hexadecimal

high byte: major revision number in hexadecimal

example for A-B protocol (low byte is sent first):

001H, 0, 02H, 01H =the device is an RTU, version 1.2

## READ PASSWORD: (unpublished)

PLC word address (octal) = 626 Logical address = 2CH,03H

Returns 2 bytes:

d1 Level 1 password d2 Level 2 password

# READ SENSOR VALUES AND SYSTEM STATUS:

PLC word address (octal) = 603 Logical address = 06H,03H

# returns 16 bytes:

d1	- d2	GAS PRESSURE SENSOR
d3	- d4	OIL PRESSURE SENSOR
d5	- d6	STEAM PRESSURE SENSOR
d7	- d8	WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR
d9	- d10	AUXILIARY TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Each analog input represents the count of the analog to digital converter as a 12 bit binary number. The high nibble of the high byte is not

number. The high nibble of the high byte is not used. The display of "UNDR RNG" on the keypad display represents a count of 0. The display of "OVR RNG" represents a maximum count of OFFFH.

d11 - d12 d13	FIRING RATE POSITION OPERATING MODE  0 = lead 1 = lag 2 = setback 3 = forced setback
	4 = standby 5 = programmed off
d14	SETBACK OVERIDE STATUS
	0 = inactive
	1 = active
d15	FUEL SELECT STATUS
	0 = none
	1 = gas
	2 = oil
	3 = heavy oil
d16	FLAME SAFEGUARD VALVE STATUS
	0 = closed
	1 = open

### READ ANALOG AND RELAY OUTPUTS:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 604
Logical address = 08H,03H
returns 12 bytes
    - d2 COMMAND RATE POSITON
d1
d3 - d4 AUXILIARY ANALOG OUTPUT 2
          Each analog output represents a count between 0 to 4095
          (12 bit binary number). 0 will output 4 mA and 4095 will
          output 20mA. The high nibble of the high byte is always 0.
          The low nibble of the low byte is ignored for an 8 bit
          output.
d5
          SAFETY CIRCUIT STATUS
               0 = open
               1 = closed
d6
          OPERATING CONTROL STATUS
               0 = open
               1 = closed
d7
          E340 ALARM STATUS
               0 = off
               1 = on
              >1 = marginal
d8
          AUXILIARY RELAY
               0 = on
               1 = off
          padding byte (OFFH)
d9
d10
          RELAY MODE STATUS
              bit 0 = relay 1 mode bit (0 = latched 1 = pulsed)
                      " 2
              bit 1 =
                              11 11
                        11
                                11
                                    11
              bit 2 =
                            3
                        " 4
              bit 3 =
d11
          RELAY ACTION STATUS
              bit 0 = relay 1 action bit (0 = normal 1 = reversed)
              bit 1 = " 2 "
                                      11
                                11
              bit 2 =
                            3
                               - 11
              bit 3 =
                            4
          RELAY DWELL TIME
d12
               relay dwell time increments (from 0 to 235)
               number of 5 milli-second period added to the
               100ms base time
               100 ms < dwell time < 1275 ms
```

### READ SENSOR INPUT USED/UNUSED STATUS:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 605
Logical address = 0AH,03H
```

### returns 12 bytes

```
d1
           GAS PRESSURE UNUSED/USED STATUS
                0 = unused
                1 = 0 - 16 in wc
                2 = 0 - 32 \text{ in wc}
                3 = 0 - 160 in wc
                4 = 1 - 17 \text{ psig}
d2
           OIL PRESSURE UNUSED/USED STATUS
                0 = unused
                1 = 10 - 170 \text{ psig}
                2 = 10 - 330 \text{ psig}
d3
           STEAM PRESURE UNUSED/USED STATUS
                0 = unused
                1 = 1 - 17 psig
2 = 1 - 33 psig
                3 = 10 - 170 \text{ psig}
                4 = 10 - 330 \text{ psig}
                5 = 50 - 850 psiq
           WATER TEMPERATURE UNUSED/USED STATUS
d4
                0 = unused
                1 = used
                2 = standby
                3 = stack
                4 = outdoor
d5
           AUXILIARY TEMPERATURE UNUSED/USED STATUS
                0 = unused
                1 = oil temperature
                2 = stack
d6
           MODULATOR FEEDBACK UNUSED/USED STATUS
d7
           THERMAL SHOCK UNUSED/USED STATUS
d8
           AUXILIARY ANALOG OUTPUT UNUSED/USED STATUS
                0 = unused
                1 = gas presure
                2 = oil pressure
                3 = steam pressure
                4 = water temperature
                5 = auxiliary temperature
d9
           MARINAL ALARM UNUSED/USED STATUS
           UNITS OF CONVERSION
d10
                0 = English
                1 = Centigrade
```

```
d11 INPUT OPTO COUPLER STATUS

bit 0 = reference coupler

bit 1 = flame safeguard fuel valve

bit 2 = gas select

bit 3 = oil select

bit 4 = heavy oil select

quadding byte (OFFH)
```

### READ SENSOR INPUT ALARM SETPOINTS

### GAS PRESSURE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 610 Logical address = 10H,03H

### returns 10 bytes:

d1		unused/used status
d2	- d3	low limit alarm value
d4	- d5	low limit marginal value
d6	- d7	high limit marginal value
d8	- d9	high limit alarm value

# OIL PRESSURE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 611 Logical address = 12H,03H

# returns 10 bytes:

d1			unused/used status
d2	-	d3	low limit alarm value
d4	-	d5	low limit marginal value
d6	-	d7	high limit marginal value
d8	-	d9	high limit alarm value
d10			padding byte (0FFH)

# AUXILIARY TEMPERATURE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 614 Logical address = 18H,03H

# returns 10 bytes:

d1			unused/used status
d2	-	d3	low limit alarm value
d4	-	d5	low limit marginal value
d6	-	d7	high limit marginal value
d8	-	d9	high limit alarm value
d10			padding byte (0FFH)

### SEND CONTROL VARIABLE SETPOINTS:

### STEAM PRESSURE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 612

Logical address = 14H,03H

returns 14 bytes: send information on used control variable

(steam pressure or water temperature)

```
d1 unused/used status
d2 - d3 steam pressure set point
d4 steam pressure cut in value
d5 steam pressure cut out value
d6 steam pressure modulating range
d7 - d8 steam pressure low limit alarm
d9 - d10 steam pressure low limit marginal value
d11 - d12 steam pressure high limit marginal value
d13 - d14 steam pressure high limit alarm value
```

### WATER TEMPERATURE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 613 Logical address = 016H,003H

returns 14 bytes: send information on used control variable (steam pressure or water temperature)

```
d1 water temperature unused/used status
d2 - d3 water temperature set point
d4 water temperature cut in value
d5 water temperature cut out value
d6 water temperature modulating range
d7 - d8 water temperature low limit alarm
d9 - d10 water temperature low limit marginal value
d11 - d12 water temperature high limit marginal value
d13 - d14 water temperature high limit alarm value
```

### USED CONTROL VARIABLE SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 615 Logical address = 01AH,003H

### returns 10 bytes:

d1 unused/used status d2 - d3 used control variable set point used control variable cut in value d5 used control variable cut out value used control variable modulating range d6 d7 - d8 used control variable sensor value d9 - d10 command rate position

### USED CONTROL VARIABLE SETPOINTS:

d22

PLC word address (octal) = 617 Logical address = 01EH,003H

send steam water usage and control variable returns 22 bytes: setpoint. Also send command rate, op mode, relay status, fuel status

steam pressure unused/used status d1 d2 water temperature unused/used status d3 - d4 control variable setpoint (computed) d5 - d6 control variable cut in value (computed) d7 - d8 control variable cut out value (computed) d9 - d10 control variable modulating range (computed) d11 - d12 steam sensor value d13 - d14 water temperature sensor value d15 - d16 command rate position d17 operating control status d18 operating mode d19 setback override status d20 fuel select status d21 flame safequard fuel valve status padding byte (OFFH)

### READ THERMAL SHOCK SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 616 Logical address = 01CH,003H

### returns 12 bytes:

d1 thermal shock unused/used status

0 = unused
1 = low fire

2 = segment

d2 - d3 thermal shock start point

d4 - d5 thermal shock exit point

d6 thermal shock timed override

d7 - d8 thermal shock re-entry point

d9 - d10 thermal shock goal

d11 - d12 thermal shock segment

### RATE/PULSE COUNT (DIGITAL INPUT 1):

PLC word address (octal) = 606 Logical address = 00CH,003H

returns 5 data words: word1, word2, word3, word4, word5

word 1: current rate value in counts per second

low byte then high byte

word 2: low byte: pulse counter totalizer low byte

high byte: pulse counter totalizer middle byte

word 3: low byte: pulse counter totalizer high byte

high byte: 0

word 4: time elapsed during totalization in seconds

word 5: low byte: current percent ON time for digital input 2

(This value is updated every second)

high byte: 0

Each variable is a hex number.

# READ MOD MAX POSITION SETTING:

PLC word address (octal) = 622 Logical address = 24H,03H

Returns 2 bytes: programmed maximum modulaor position

### READ EXCEPTION PARAMETERS:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 607
Logical address = 0EH,03H
data length = 14 word (28 bytes)
returns 28 bytes:
                   d1 ... d28
     d1
             = status byte & address
               Any value other than FFH indicates a destination
               address in the ALLEN-BRADLEY protocol
                     FFH = turn off the report by exception
                     00H - 0FEH = turn on the report by exception
                       -if it was already on none of the parameters
                        are changed.
                       -if the status was FFH, it will be changed
                        to 0, a default value (10 seconds) will be
                        used for the interval timer.
     d2,d3
             = destination's memory location (low byte, high byte)
     d4
             = minimum time interval between reports (default 10 sec)
     d5
             = bits 0 to 5 --> digital input mask:
               any bit set to 1 triggers a report if the bit
               value of the digital input is different from the
               bit value for the same bit position in byte d6
             = digital input pattern
     d6
             = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 1 (low/high)
     d7,d8
             = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 1
     d9,d10
     d11,d12 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 2
     d13,d14 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 2
     d15,d16 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 3
     d17,d18 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 3
     d19,d20 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 4 d21,d22 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 4
     d23, d24 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 5
     d25,d26 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 5
     d27
             = "DST" destination field for exception reply
                       through the report by exception.
     d28
             = bit 0 is set for data sharing
               bit 1 is set to suppress DLE EOT response
     d29,d30 = rate in counts per second on dig input 1
     d31,d36 = large count accumulator of the rate input
     d37,d38 = low byte is current_percent_on_time of
               digital input 2 sampled 200 times per sec
               hi byte is unused
```

### SEND LAG SETPOINTS:

PLC word address (octal) = 625 Logical address = 02AH,003H

### returns 14 bytes:

d1 d2 d3 d4 - d5 d6 - d7 d8 d9 d10	steam pressure unused/used status water temperature unused/used status lag unused/used status lag steam pressure set point lag water temperature set point lag cut in point lag cut out point lag modulating range
0.5	
d11	lag to lead delay (minutes)
d12	lag to start delay (minutes)
d13	setback override hours
d14	padding byte (0FFH)

### BURNER STATISTICS:

PLC word address (octal) = 620 Logical address = 20H,03H

Returns 6 bytes: Send cycles, burner hours, system hours

d1 - d2 burner cycles (low byte, high byte)

d3 - d4 burner hoursd5 - d6 system hours

### READ DAILY BURNER MINUTES:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 624
Logical address = 28H,03H
```

Returns 48 bytes: today's burner on minutes (6 bytes)
last weeks daily burner on minutes
assumed setback minutes = lead minutes - lag minutes

- d1 d2 today's total burner on minutes
- d3 d4 today's lead minutes
- d5 d6 today's lag minutes
- d7 d12 (today 1)'s burner on minutes (same format)
- d13 d19 (today 2)'s burner on minutes (same format)
- d19 d24 (today 3)'s burner on minutes (same format)
- d25 d30 (today 4)'s burner on minutes (same format) d31 d36 (today 5)'s burner on minutes (same format)
- d37 d42 (today 6)'s burner on minutes (same format)
- d43 d48 (today 7)'s burner on minutes (same format)

### SEND SETBACK SCHEDULE:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 623
Logical address = 26H,03H
```

Returns 22 bytes: Send programmed setback schedule d1 steam pressure unused/used status d2 water temperature unused/used status d3 set back unused/used status 0 = unused1 = setback used 2 = standbyd4 - d5 set back begin time d6 - d7 set back end time d8 - d9 set back steam pressure set point (low/high) d10 - d11 set back water temperature set point (low/high) d12 set back cut in point d13 set back cut out point d14 set back modulating range set back Sunday used status d15 0 = all setback 1 = no setback 2 = scheduleset back Monday used status d16 set back Tuesday status d17 set back Wednesday status d18 set back Thursday status d19 d20 set back Friday status d21 set back Saturday status d22 (padding byte OFFH)

# SEND PROGRAMMED ON SCHEDULE:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 627
Logical address = 2EH,03H
Returns 12 bytes:
                   Send programmed on schedule
d1
          program on unused/used status
               0 = unused
               1 = operating control
               2 = auxiliary relay
d2 - d3 begin on time
  - d5 end on time
d4
          program on Sunday used status
d6
               0 = all off
               1 = all on
               2 = schedule
d7
          program on Monday used status
d8
          program on Tuesday status
d9
          program on Wednesday status
         program on Thursday status
d10
d11
          program on Friday status
d12
          program on Saturday status
```

### SEND LAST 10 LOCKOUTS:

```
PLC word address (octal) = 636
Logical address = 3CH,03H

Returns 22 bytes: Send last 10 lockouts

D1 = padding byte (0FFH)
D2 = NUMBER OF LOCKOUTS
D3,D4 = most recent lockout group + message
D5,D6 = lockout number 2
D6,D7 = lockout number 3
D8,D9 = lockout number 4
D10,D11= lockout number 5
```

D12,D22 = lockout number 6 - 10

The E340 stores up to the last 10 lcokouts. Byte D1 is a padding byte (0FFH). Byte D2 is the amount of lockouts. Each data pair (D3,D4; D5,D6, etc) is formatted as a group number and lockout number within the group. As there are 4 items in a group, the range of lockout number is 0-3. The upper byte of each pair indicates the group while the lower byte of the pair indicates the lockout number within the group. File LOCKOUT.340 is a list of possible lockouts. Currently there are 8 groups with 4 messages per group.

Use the group number as an index into the LOCKOUT.340 table and then ise the lockout number to extract the appropriate number.

For example, if the byte pair is 0,0 the group is 0 (gas pressure) and the lockout is HIGH LIMIT GAS PRESSURE. See LOCKOUT.340

```
Group 0
         Gas pressure lockouts
Group 1
         Oil pressure lockouts
Group 2
         Steam pressure lockouts
Group 3
         Primary temperature lockouts
Group 4
         Aux temperature lockouts
         Sensor Calibration Lockouts
Group 5
Group 6
         Diagnostic lockouts
Group 7
        Fuel select errors
Group 8
         Diagnostic lockouts
```

# BLOCK WRITES BEGIN HERE -----

NOTE: BLOCK WRITES ARE NOT VALID FOR MODBUS

### SET THE TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 600 Logical address = 00H,03H

data length = 1 word

Data bytes = mm, hh

mm and hh are BCD numbers
word 1: low byte: mm = minutes

high byte: hh = hours bit 6 = 1 indicates pm bit 6 = 0 indicates am

examples for A-B protocol (low byte first): low, high

 00H,09H
 --> 9:00 am

 30H,12H
 --> 12:30 am

 25H,01H
 --> 1:25 am

 25H,41H
 --> 1:25 pm

 30H,51H
 --> 11:30 pm

### SET DAY OF WEEK:

PLC word address (octal) = 601 logical address = 02H,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1

word 1: low byte: a number between 0 and 6  $0 = SUNDAY \dots 6 = SATURDAY$  high byte: always 0

### SET THE DATE:

PLC word address (octal) = 643 Logical address = 46H,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 = day of the month (0 - 31) d2 = month of the year (0 - 12)d3 = year of the century (0 - 99)

# SET INPUT SENSORS 1 THROUGH 5 USED/UNUSED STATUS:

### GAS PRESSURE:

PLC word address (octal) = 616 logical address = 1CH,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = 0 - 16 in wc

2 = 0 - 32 in wc

3 = 0 - 160 in wc

4 = 1 - 17 psig

### OIL PRESSURE:

PLC word address (octal) = 617 logical address = 1EH,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = 10 - 170 psig 2 = 10 - 330 psig

### STEAM PRESSURE:

PLC word address (octal) = 620 logical address = 20H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = 1 - 17 psig

2 = 1 - 33 psig

3 = 10 - 170 psig

4 = 10 - 330 psig

5 = 50 - 850 psig

# SET INPUT SENSORS 1 THROUGH 5 USED/UNUSED STATUS: (cont)

# WATER TEMPERATURE:

PLC word address (octal) = 621 logical address = 22H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused
1 = used
2 = standby
3 = stack
4 = outdoor

# AUXILIARY TEMPERATURE:

PLC word address (octal) = 622 logical address = 24H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = oil temperature

2 = stack

### SET SYSTEM INPUTS USED/UNUSED STATUS

# MODULATOR FEEDBACK

PLC word address (octal) = 623 logical address = 26H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused 1 = used

### THERMAL SHOCK

PLC word address (octal) = 624
logical address = 28H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = UNUSED 1 = LOW FIRE 2 = SEGMENT

# SET SYSTEM INPUTS USED/UNUSED STATUS (cont)

# AUXILIARY OUTPUT

PLC word address (octal) = 625 logical address = 2AH,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = gas pressure
2 = oil pressure
3 = steam pressure
4 = water temprature

5 = auxiliary temperature

### MARGINAL ALARM

PLC word address (octal) = 626
logical address = 2CH,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused 1 = used)

### LEAD / LAG

PLC word address (octal) = 627 logical address = 2EH,03H

data length = 1 byte (2 bytes)

low byte: input status

0 = unused 1 = used

# NIGHT SETBACK

PLC word address (octal) = 630 logical address = 30H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused 1 = used

# SET SYSTEM INPUTS USED/UNUSED STATUS (cont)

### PROGRAM OFF CONTROL

PLC word address (octal) = 631 logical address = 32H,03H

data length = 1 byte

low byte: input status

0 = unused

1 = operating control
2 = auxiliary relay

# SET STEAM PRESSURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 632 logical address = 34H,03H

data length = 1 word (2 bytes)
 high byte = low data
 low byte = high data

# SET WATER TEMPERATURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 633 logical address = 36H,03H

data length = 1 word (2 bytes)
 high byte = low data
 low byte = high data

## SET GAS PRESSURE LIMITS:

PLC word address (octal) = 634 Logical address = 38H,03H

data length = 8 bytes ;program alarm and marginal limits

d1 - d2 low limit alarm point

d3 - d4 low limit marginal alarm

d5 - d6 high limit marginal alarm

d7 - d8 high limit alarm point

each byte pair is low byte / high byte order.

#### SET OIL PRESSURE LIMITS:

PLC word address (octal) = 635

Logical address = 3AH,03H

data length = 8 bytes ;program alarm and marginal limits

- d1 d2 low limit alarm point
- d3 d4 low limit marginal alarm
- d5 d6 high limit marginal alarm
- d7 d8 high limit alarm point

each byte pair is low byte / high byte order.

## SET STEAM PRESSURE LIMITS:

PLC word address (octal) = 636

Logical address = 3CH,03H

data length = 6 bytes ;program alarm and marginal limits

- d1 d2 low limit marginal alarm
- d3 d4 high limit marginal alarm
- d5 d6 high limit alarm point

each byte pair is low byte / high byte order.

#### SET WATER TEMPERATURE LIMITS:

PLC word address (octal) = 637

Logical address = 3EH,03H

data length = 6 bytes ;program alarm and marginal limits

- d1 d2 low limit marginal alarm
- d3 d4 high limit marginal alarm
- d5 d6 high limit alarm point

each byte pair is low byte / high byte order.

## SET AUX TEMPERATURE LIMITS:

PLC word address (octal) = 640

Logical address = 40H,03H

data length = 8 bytes ;program alarm and marginal limits

- d1 d2 low limit alarm point
- d3 d4 low limit marginal alarm
- d5 d6 high limit marginal alarm
- d7 d8 high limit alarm point

each byte pair is low byte / high byte order.

# $\frac{\texttt{SET STEAM PRESSURE CUT IN, CUTOUT, MOD BANDWIDTH:}}{\texttt{PLC word address (octal)} = 641}$

Logical address = 42H,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 = steam pressure cut in (0 to 60)

d2 = steam pressure cut out (3 to 60)

d3 = steam pressure modulating range (3 to 60)

# SET WATER TEMPERATURE CUT IN, CUTOUT, MOD BANDWIDTH:

PLC word address (octal) = 642 Logical address = 44H,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 = water temperature cut in

d2 = water temperature cut out

d3 = water temperature modulating range

## SET MODULATOR MAXIMUM POSITION:

PLC word address (octal) = 644 Logical address = 48H,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1 (12 bit resolution)

word 1: ADC count (range 0 to 4095)

## SET LAG STEAM PRESSURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 645 Logical address = 4AH,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1 (12 bit resolution)

word 1: ADC count (range 0 to 4095)

# SET LAG WATER TEMPERATURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 646 Logical address = 4CH,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1 (12 bit resolution)

word 1: ADC count (range 0 to 4095)

## SET SETBACK STEAM PRESSURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 647 Logical address = 4EH,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1 (12 bit resolution)

word 1: ADC count (range 0 to 4095)

#### SET SETBACK WATER TEMPERATURE SETPOINT:

PLC word address (octal) = 650 Logical address = 50H,03H

data length = 1 word

data byte = word 1 (12 bit resolution)

word 1: ADC count (range 0 to 4095)

## SET LAG CUT IN, CUT OUT, MODULATING RANGE:

PLC word address (octal) = 651 logical address = 52H,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 = lag cut in

d2 = lag cut out

d3 = lag modulating range

# SET SETBACK CUT IN, CUT OUT, MODULATING RANGE:

PLC word address (octal) = 652 logical address = 54H,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 = setback cut in

d2 = setback cut out

d3 = setback modulating range

## SET LAG TO START DELAY:

PLC word address (octal) = 653 logical address = 56H,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 0 - 15 minutes

## SET LEAD TO LAG DELAY:

PLC word address (octal) = 654 logical address = 58H,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 0 - 30 minutes

## SET SETBACK OVERRIDE HOURS:

PLC word address (octal) = 655 logical address = 5AH,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 1 - 8 hours

# SET SUNDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 656 logical address = 5CH,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

## SET MONDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 657 logical address = 5EH,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

# SET TUESDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 660 logical address = 60H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

## SET WEDNESDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 661 logical address = 62H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

## SET THURSDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 662 logical address = 64H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

# SET FRIDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 663 logical address = 66H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

# SET SATURDAY SETBACK TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 664 logical address = 68H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = no off

2 = schedule

## SET END SETBACK TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 665 logical address = 6AH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of time

d2 low byte of time

#### SET BEGIN SETBACK TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 666 logical address = 6EH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of time

d2 low byte of time

## SET PASSWORD:

PLC word address (octal) = 667 logical address = 6EH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 level 1 of password d2 level 2 of password

# SET SUNDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 670 logical address = 70H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

## SET MONDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 671 logical address = 72H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

# SET TUESDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 672 logical address = 74H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

# SET WEDNESDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 673 logical address = 76H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

# SET THURSDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 674 logical address = 78H,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

## SET FRIDAY PROGRAM ON TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 675 logical address = 7AH,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

## SET SATURDAY PROGRAM TYPE:

PLC word address (octal) = 676 logical address = 7CH,03H

data length = 1 bytes

0 = all off

1 = all on

2 = schedule

# SET BEGIN PROGRAM ON TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 677 logical address = 7E,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of time d2 low byte of time

#### SET END PROGRAM ON TIME:

PLC word address (octal) = 700 logical address = 80H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of time d2 low byte of time

#### CANCEL PASSWORD:

PLC word address (octal) = 701 logical address = 82H,03H

this message is to disable the password enable before the user terminates the conversation. the E340 won't be left exposed while the time out handler is waiting.

data length = 1 byte
d1 = the number 2

## SET LAG CUT IN:

PLC word address (octal) = 703 logical address = 86H,03H data length = 2 bytes d1 high byte of lag cut in d2 low byte of lag cut in

SET LAG CUT OUT:

PLC word address (octal) = 704 logical address = 88H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of lag cut out d2 low byte of lag cut out

## SET LAG MODULATING BAND WIDTH:

PLC word address (octal) = 705 logical address = 8AH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of modulating bandwidth d2 low byte of modulating bandwidth

## SET STEAM CUT IN:

PLC word address (octal) = 706 logical address = 8CH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of steam cut in d2 low byte of steam cut in

## SET STEAM CUT OUT

PLC word address (octal) = 707 logical address = 8EH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of steam cut out d2 low byte of steam cut out

## SET STEAM MODULATING BANDWIDTH:

PLC word address (octal) = 710 logical address = 90H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of steam modulating bandwidth d2 low byte of steam modulating bandwidth

#### SET STEAM LOW ALARM MARGINAL:

PLC word address (octal) = 711 logical address = 92H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of steam marginal low alarm limit

d2 low byte of steam marginal low alarm limit

#### SET STEAM HIGH ALARM MARGINAL:

PLC word address (octal) = 712 logical address = 94H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of steam marginal high limit

d2 low byte of steam marginal high limit

# SET STEAM HIGH ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 713 logical address = 96H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of steam high alarm limit

d2 low byte of steam high alarm limit

## SET WATER CUT IN:

PLC word address (octal) = 714 logical address = 98H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of water cut in

d2 low byte of water cut in

## SET WATER CUT OUT

PLC word address (octal) = 715 logical address = 9AH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of water cut out

d2 low byte of water cut out

#### SET WATER MODULATING BANDWIDTH:

PLC word address (octal) = 716 logical address = 9CH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of water modulating bandwidth

d2 low byte of water modulating bandwidth

#### SET WATER LOW ALARM MARGINAL:

PLC word address (octal) = 717 logical address = 9EH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of water marginal low alarm limit

d2 low byte of water marginal low alarm limit

#### SET WATER HIGH ALARM MARGINAL:

PLC word address (octal) = 720 logical address = AOH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of water marginal high limit

d2 low byte of water marginal high limit

#### SET WATER HIGH ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 721 logical address = A2H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of water high alarm limit

d2 low byte of water high alarm limit

#### SET GAS PRESSURE LOW ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 722 logical address = A4H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of gas pressure low alarm limit

d2 low byte of gas pressure low high alarm limit

#### SET GAS PRESSURE LOW MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 723 logical address = A6H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of gas pressure marginal low alarm limit

d2 low byte of gas pressure marginal low alarm limit

#### SET GAS PRESSURE HIGH MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 724 logical address = A8H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of gas pressure marginal high alarm limit

d2 low byte of gas pressure marginal high alarm limit

#### SET GAS PRESSURE HIGH ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 725 logical address = AAH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of gas pressure high alarm limit

d2 low byte of gas pressure high alarm limit

#### SET Oil PRESSURE LOW LARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 726 logical address = ACH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of oil pressure low alarm limit

d2 low byte of oil pressure low high alarm limit

## SET Oil PRESSURE LOW MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 727 logical address = AEH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of oil pressure marginal low alarm limit

d2 low byte of oil pressure marginal low alarm limit

#### SET Oil PRESSURE HIGH MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 730 logical address = B0H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of oil pressure marginal high alarm limit

d2 low byte of oil pressure marginal high alarm limit

#### SET Oil PRESSURE HIGH ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 731 logical address = B2H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of oil pressure high alarm limit

d2 low byte of oil pressure high alarm limit

#### SET AUX TEMPERATURE LOW LARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 732 logical address = B4H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of aux temperature low alarm limit

d2 low byte of aux temperature low high alarm limit

#### SET AUX TEMPERATURE LOW MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 733 logical address = B6H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of aux temperature marginal low alarm limit

d2 low byte of aux temperature marginal low alarm limit

# SET AUX TEMPERATURE HIGH MARGINAL ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 734 logical address = B8H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of aux temperature marginal high alarm limit

d2 low byte of aux temperature marginal high alarm limit

## SET AUX TEMPERATURE HIGH ALARM LIMIT:

PLC word address (octal) = 735 logical address = BAH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of aux temperature high alarm limit

d2 low byte of aux temperature high alarm limit

#### SET SETBACK CUT IN:

PLC word address (octal) = 736 logical address = BCH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of set back cut in

d2 low byte of set back cut in

#### SET SETBACK COUT OUT:

PLC word address (octal) = 737 logical address = BEH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

dl high byte of set back cut out

low byte of set back cut out

## d2

# SET SETBACK MODULATING BANDWIDTH:

PLC word address (octal) = 740 logical address = COH,03H

data length = 2 bytes

d1 high byte of set back modulating band width d2 low byte of set back modulating band width

# DIAGNOSTIC COUNTER RESET:

PLC word address (octal) = 741 logical address = C2H,03H

USED IN MODBUS / FISHER ONLY CLEAR ALL DIAGNOSTIC COUNTERS SPECIAL ROUTINE

#### RESERVED ADDRESSES:

PLC word address (octal) = 256 through 267 logical address = 05CH,03H through 06EH,03H

These addresses are reserved for future use. If a message is received with one of these address, the reply will return a status indicating "bad address" (code = 2).

#### SET EXCEPTION REPORT PARAMETERS:

PLC word address (octal) = 671 Logical address = 72H,03H

data length = 14 word (28 bytes)

28 data bytes: d1 ... d28

d1 = destination address byte
 03H - 0FEH = turn on report by exception
 to specified address, a station
 number ("STN") in the ALLEN-BRADLEY
 protocol
 FFH = turn off the report by exception
 00H = turn on the report by exception to E500
 -if it was already on none of the parameters
 are changed.
 -if the status was FFH, it will be changed

to 0, a default value (10 seconds) will be used for the interval timer.

d2,d3 = destination's memory location d4 = minimum time interval between reports (default 10 sec) d5 = bit 1 to 5 --> digital input mask, inputs 1 - 5 = digital input pattern, same bit meaning as in d5 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 1 d7,d8 d9,d10 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 1 d11,d12 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 2 d13,d14 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 2 d15,d16 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 3 d17,d18 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 3 d19,d20 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 4 d21,d22 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 4 d23,d24 = 12 bit upper limit for analog input 5 d25,d26 = 12 bit lower limit for analog input 5 = "DST" destination field for exception reply d27 d28 = bit 0 is reserved bit 1 is set to suppress DLE EOT response when the unit is polled, see note 1,2. bit 2 is set to cause reply with 22 bytes of user parameters taken from N10:111 - 121 to replace bytes D3 - D24 shown in the

EXCEPTION REPORT MESSAGE FORMAT

bit 3 is set to cause one report per status change in USER-FLAGS, SCAN_ERROR,
DIGITAL INPUT ERROR, OR ANALOG INPUT ERROR

bits 4 - 7 are reserved for use in specials.

Users should consult supplemental data sheets for their version.

## EXCEPTION REPORT MESSAGE FORMAT:

DLE 10H	STX 02H	DST	SRC	CMD 28	STS 00	TNS	TNS	S AD			~ ~
D1	D2 0		D3 thr	D13	D14 0	DLE 10H	ETX 03H	CRC Lo	Crc Hi		

STN = DST = defined in the first status parameter byte
D1 = bit 7 - error flag is on
 bit 6 - digital input error
 bit 5 - analog input is short or open
 bit 4 - analog input limit error
 bit 3 - first time error report
 bit 2 - scan error non-recoverable
 bit 1 - 1 or more USER_FLAGS set
 bit 0 - reserved for indicating:
 contains analog & digital
 data which may be sent to other RTUs.

D2 = user_err status byte

D3 through d12 = analog inputs report with bit 2
D13,D14 = digital inputs of D28 cleared
D15-D24 = report_count in SET EXCEPTION REPORT

D3 through D24 from N10:111 - 121 report with bit 2
of D28 set
in SET EXCEPTION REPORT

-----'

The analog and digital inputs follow the same format as in the "READ ANALOG AND DIGITAL INPUTS" message previously described (address 203 Octal 06H,03H Hex)

The reported count information follows the same format as the "RATE/PULSE_COUNT" message.

This error message has to be acknowledged by the master which also sends a reply indicating a good reception.

NOTE: the condition which causes a report by exception, causes repetitive reports by exception until the condition is removed unless d28 bit 3 is set to cause one report per status change in USER-FLAGS 1st byte, SCAN_ERROR 1st byte, DIGITAL INPUT ERROR, OR ANALOG INPUT ERROR

# LAG SET POINT VARIABLES

## LAG STEAM SET POINT

PLC word address (octal) = 603 logical address = 06H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

## LAG WATER SET POINT

PLC word address (octal) = 604 logical address = 08H,03H

data length = 2 bytes

## LAG CUT IN, CUT OUT , MOD BANDWIDTH

PLC word address (octal) = 605 logical address = 0AH,03H

data length = 3 bytes

d1 - lag cut in
d2 - lag cut out

d3 - modulating range

#### LAG START DELAY

PLC word address (octal) = 606 logical address = 0CH,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 0 to 15 minutes

## LEAD TO LAG DELAY

PLC word address (octal) = 607 logical address = 0EH,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 0 to 15 minutes

# THERMAL SHOCK VARIABLES

## THERMAL SHOCK START POINT

PLC word address (octal) = 608 logical address = 10H,03H

data length = 2 bytes
 range is same as selected control variable except
 if water is standby then thermal shock is water

## THERMAL SHOCK EXIT POINT

PLC word address (octal) = 609 logical address = 12H,03H

data length = 2 bytes
 range is same as selected control variable except
 if water is standby then thermal shock is water

# THERMAL SHOCK TIMED OVERRIDE

PLC word address (octal) = 610 logical address = 14H,03H

data length = 1 byte

range = 1 to 60 minutes

#### DIAGNOSTIC LOOP:

Command 06H Function 0

the data is returned exactly as received when polled.

In MODBUS protocol the command message is returned exactly as received immediately upon reception.

# DIAGNOSTIC STATUS:

Command 06H Function 3

data length 10 words

byte 1 = Operating mode

- 1 = normal run mode

- 2 = test force run mode

- 3 = program mode

- 4 = test force single scan mode

- 5 = force run mode

byte 2 = Type of station interface module

byte 3,4 = reserved for the expansion of the station type

byte 5 = amount of external RAM

- 2H = 2 K bytes

- 32H = 32 K bytes

byte 6,7,8 = reserved for future use

byte 9..16 = unit name in ASCII character eg "1710-PM3"

byte 17..20 = revision number in ASCII e.g. "3.B"

byte 21..28 = program name is ASCII e.g. "TANK 38"

#### DIAGNOSTIC COUNTER RESET:

Command 06H Function 7

Clear all diagnostic counters.

# DIAGNOSTIC READ

Command 06H Function 1

data length = 13 words

each counter is a 16 bit binary number.

A-B	WORD	#						
x	1	overflow = receive buffer full						
х	1	bad BCC or CRC = number of message received with bad check character						
х	1	communication error = receiver not in initial state when receiving a new message						
x	1	communication = number of message received with good CRC						
X	1	sink full = received a new command before sending						
Λ	Δ.	previous reply						
х	1	trans. retried once= number of reply sent 2 times						
х	1	trans. retried twice = number of reply sent 3 times						
х	1	number of command messages received with data out of range						
х	1	number of command messages received with invalid size field						
х	1	reserved for future use						
х	1	number of command messages received with invalid CMD or FNC						
х	1	number of command messages received with invalid address						
х	1	<pre>low byte: analog input error bit 0 through 2 = number of used analog inputs indicating "UNDER RNG" on the display at the time this diagnostic read command was received</pre>						
		bits 3 - 7 = unused						
х	1	high byte: padding byte always 0						

## APPENDIX A

## DATA FORMAT FOR TIME:

The high byte represents the hours. the low byte represents the minutes.

Hours and minutes have a BCD representation (Binary Coded Decimal) Bit 6 in the hour byte indicates AM/PM (0 = am, 1 = pm). HI LOW

--> 12:15 am (after midnight) examples: 12H,15H 01H,25H --> 1:25 am 09H,00H --> 9:00 am --> 11:59 am (before noon) 11H,59H 52H,30H --> 12:30 pm (after noon) 41H,25H --> 1:25 pm 51H,59H --> 11:59 pm (before midnight)